

# Offshore Deepwater Project (Jubarte Field – Brazil)

Andrea Damasceno\* Max Velasques Moacyr Bezerra



# RCP ©

### Agenda

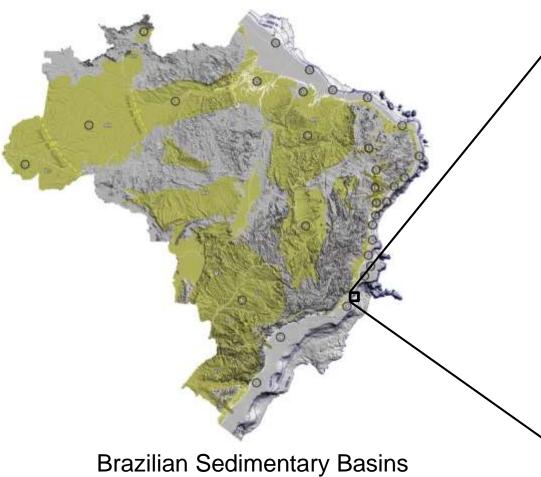
- Field & Data Overview
- Project Research Topics

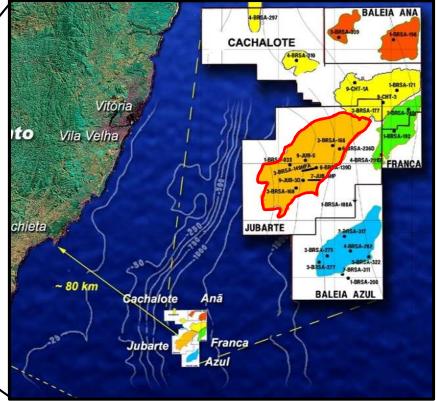
### Agenda



- Field & Data Overview
- Project Research Topics



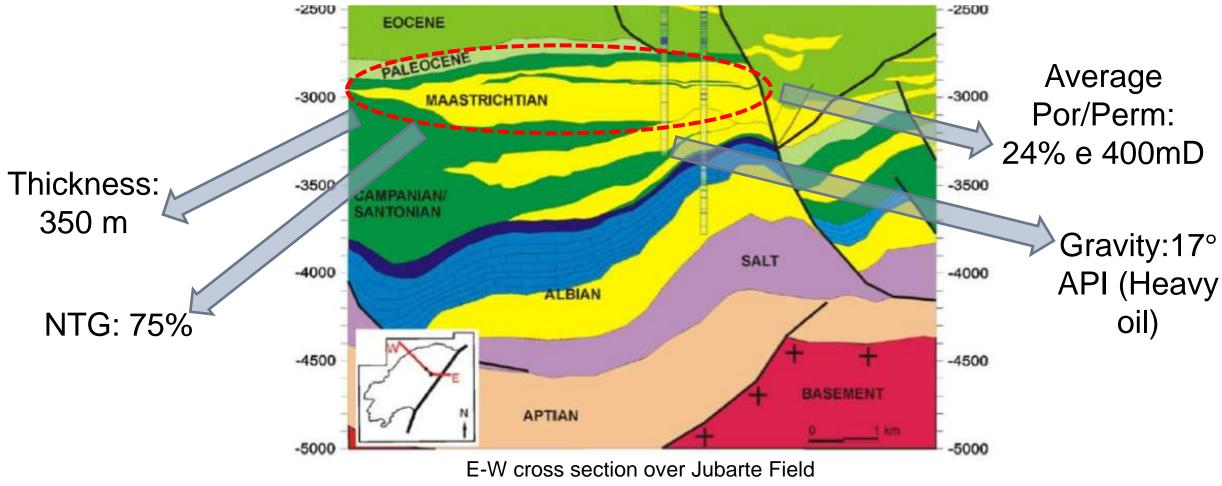




Parque das Baleias location map, in the North of Campos Basin.



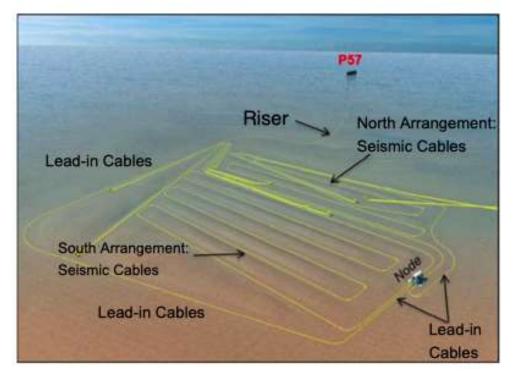
#### Discovered in 2001, but production started in 2006



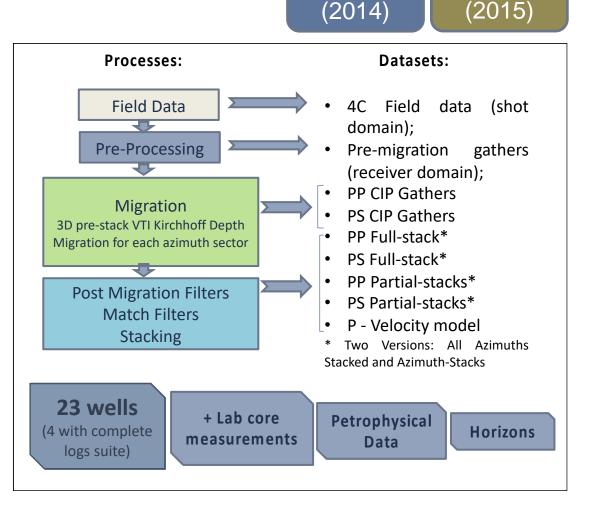
#### OPRM Seismic Acquisition



Monitor 2

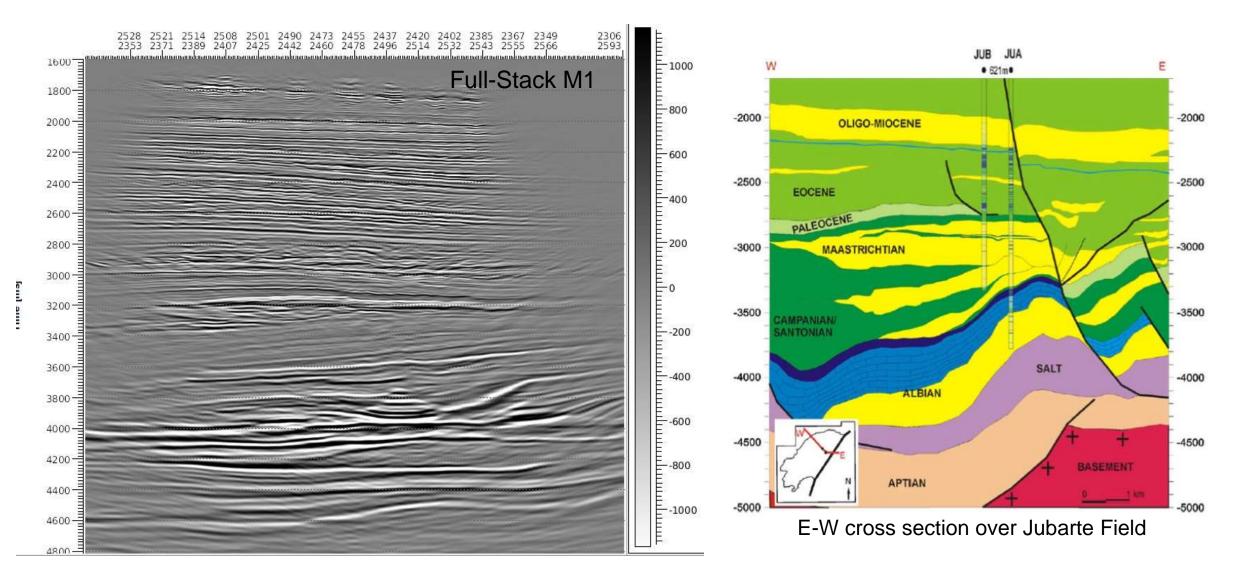


Seismic Project Design

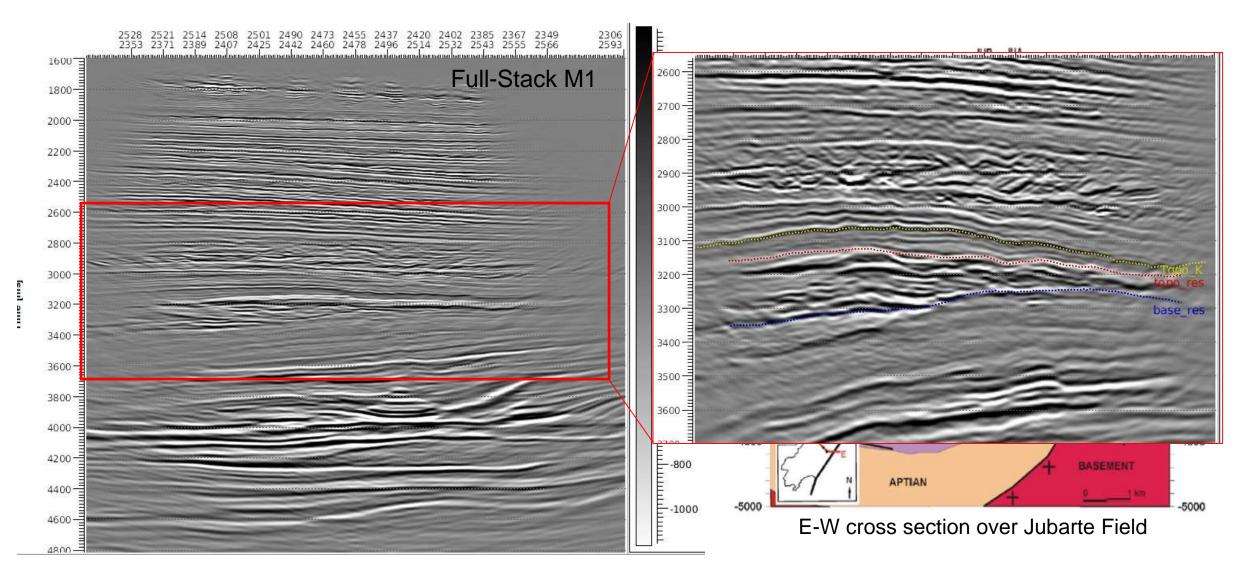


Monitor 1









# Agenda



- Field & Data Overview
- Project Research Topics

# **Project Research Topics Overview**

Seismic

rocessing 8

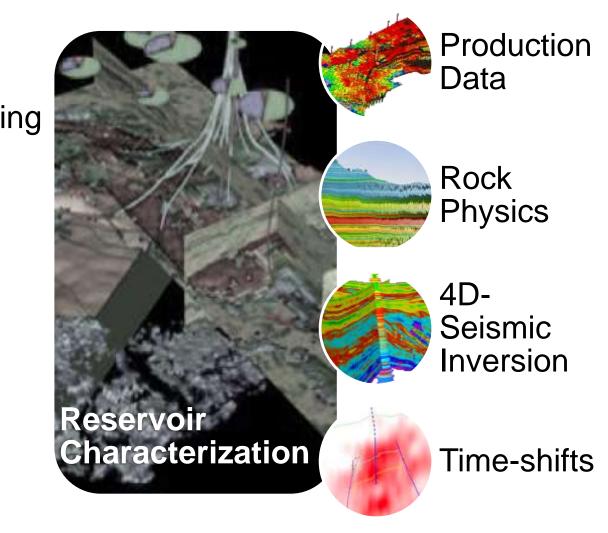
cquisition

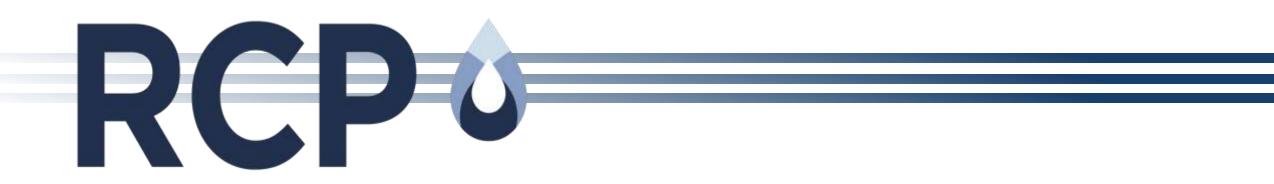
pplications



Seismic Blending/Deblending Techniques

Advanced Processing Techniques





#### Reservoir Characterization (Jubarte Field – Brazil)

#### Andrea Damasceno





### Agenda

- Seismic Data Repeatability
- Sensitivity Analysis to Pore Pressure and Fluid Saturation changes
- 4D Elastic Inversion PP data
  - Workflow applied
    - Amplitude correction
  - Results Analysis
  - Preliminary 4D interpretation
- Final Remarks
- Next Steps

# RCP ©

# Agenda

#### Seismic Data Repeatability

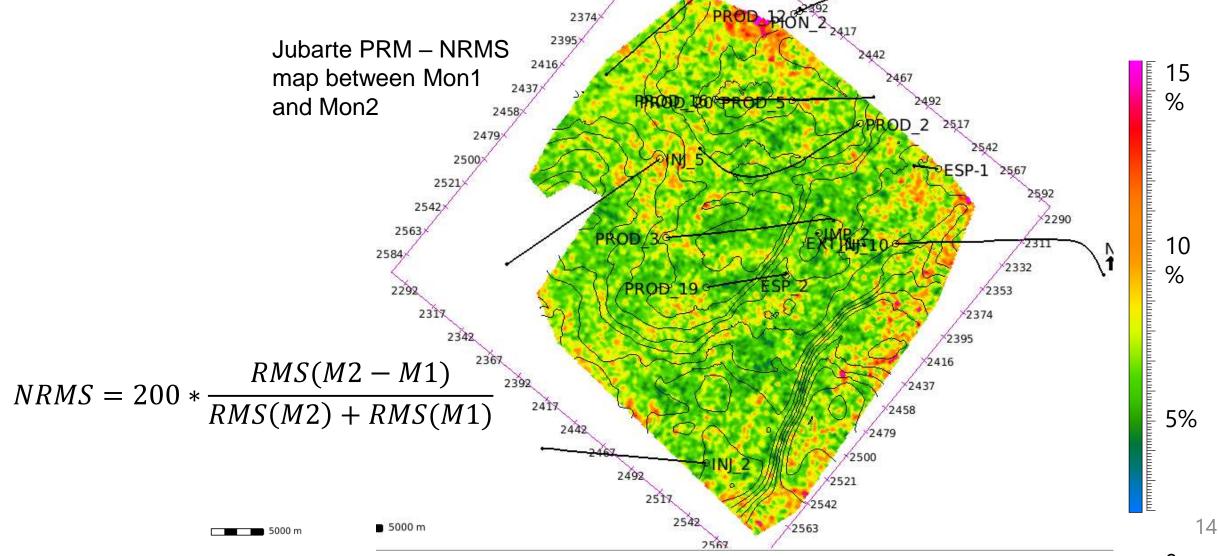
- Sensitivity Analysis to Pore Pressure and Fluid Saturation changes
- 4D Elastic Inversion PP data
  - Workflow applied

o Amplitude correction

- Results Analysis
- Preliminary 4D interpretation
- Final Remarks
- Next Steps

# Jubarte Field Reservoir Characterization

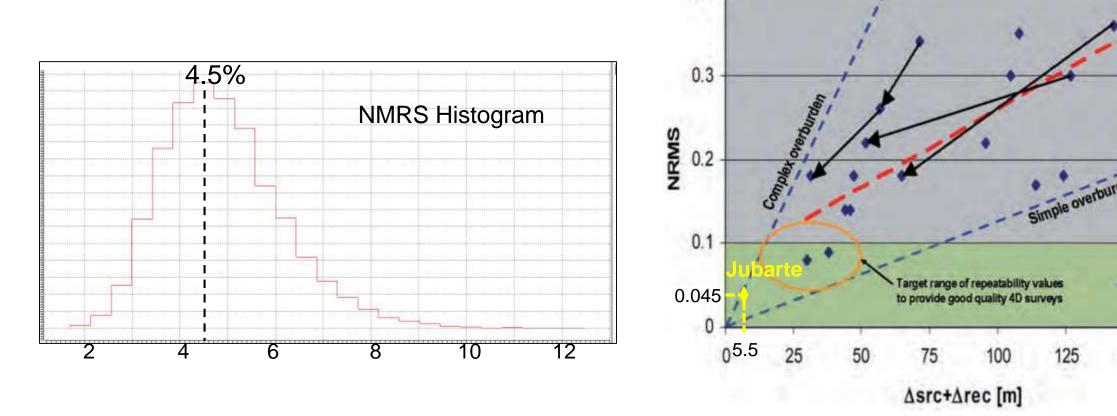




In pursuit of new ideas

# Jubarte Field Reservoir Characterization





0.4

Brown and Paulsen (2011)

175

< 10% NRMS

150

In pursuit of new ideas

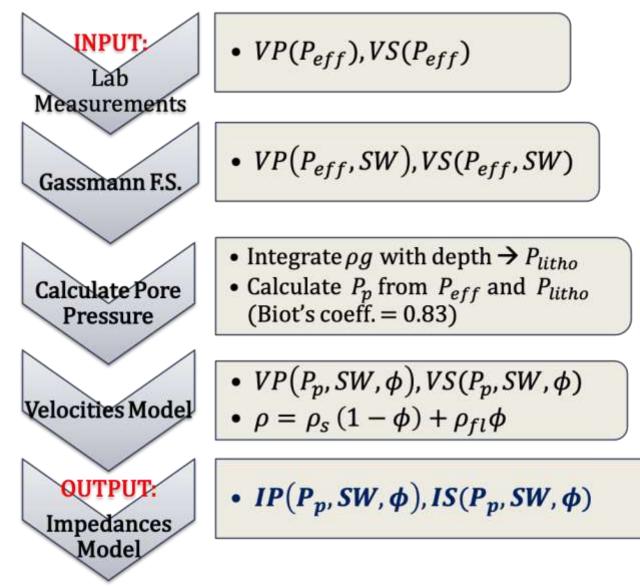
# Agenda



- Seismic Data Repeatability
- Sensitivity Analysis to Pore Pressure and Fluid Saturation changes
- 4D Elastic Inversion PP data
  - Workflow applied
    - o Amplitude correction
  - Results Analysis
  - Preliminary 4D interpretation
- Final Remarks
- Next Steps

#### Sensitivity to Pore Pressure and Fluid Saturation changes





15 Sw changes Sg changes Pp changes - depletion Pp changes - increasing Base (SW=0.2, Pp=28MPs) 10 Bubble point decreasing ∆IS (percentage) 20 22 5 24 26 0 28 30 -5 0.80.6 0.2 0.05 increasing  $\Delta SW$ increasing  $\Delta SG$ 1 MPa = 145 Psi 10 15 -15-10-5 20 5  $\Delta IP$  (percentage)

Sensitivity to Pore Pressure and Fluid Saturation changes



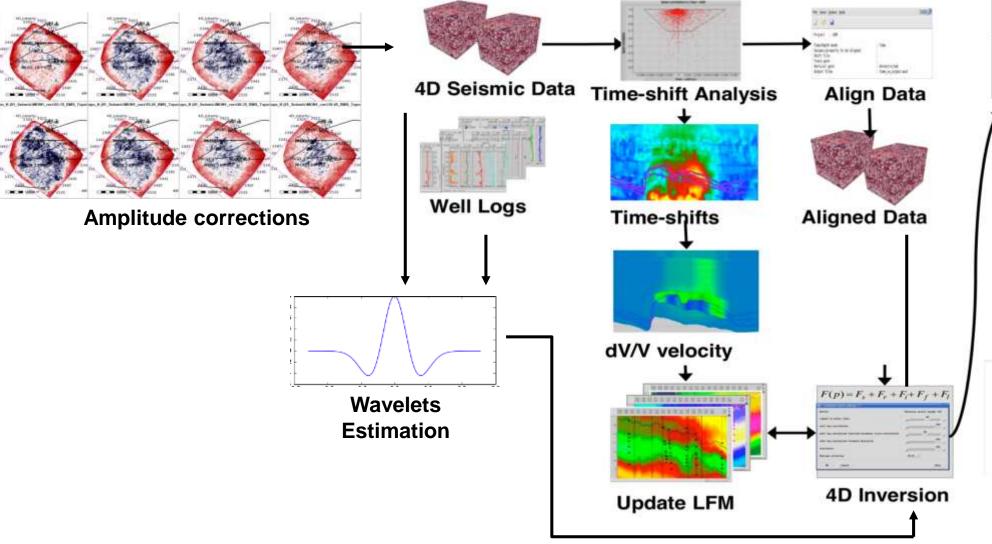
18

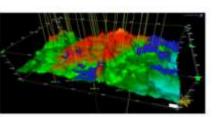


# Agenda

- Seismic Data Repeatability
- Sensitivity Analysis to Pore Pressure and Fluid Saturation changes
- 4D Elastic Inversion PP data
  - Workflow applied
    - Amplitude correction
  - Results Analysis
  - Preliminary 4D interpretation
- Final Remarks
- Next Steps







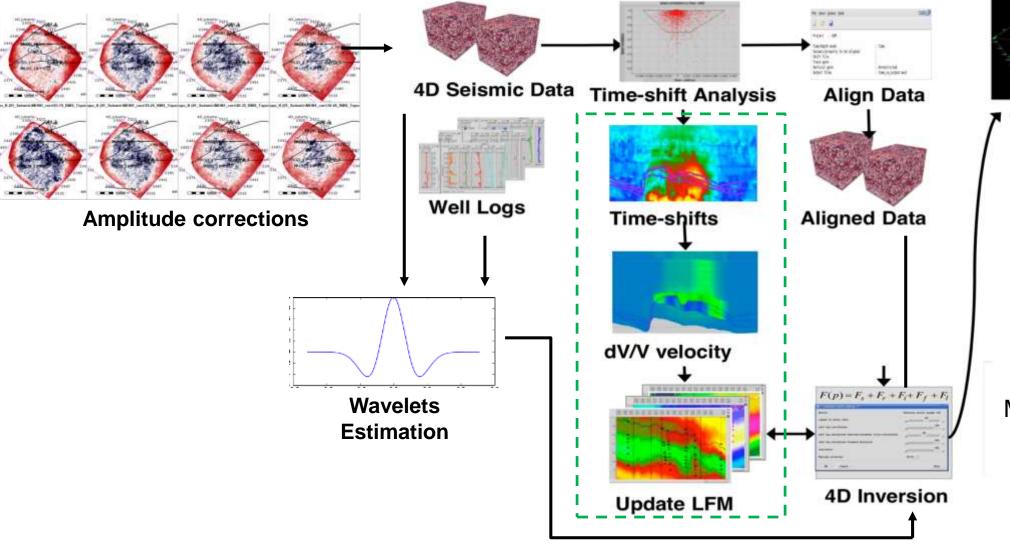
4D Interpretation

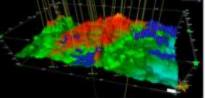
Workflow based on Mesdag *et al.*, 2007, Mesdag *et al.*, 2015 and Johnston, D., (2013).





#### Workflow:

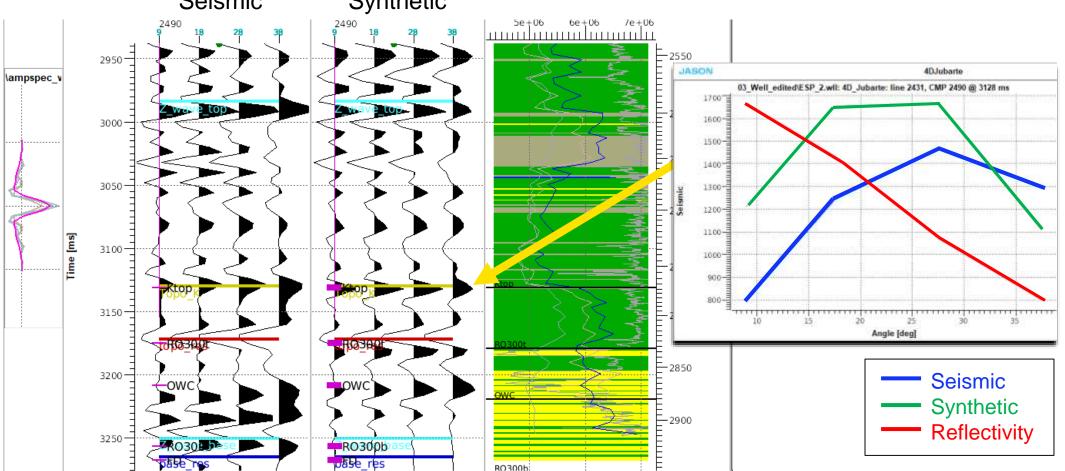




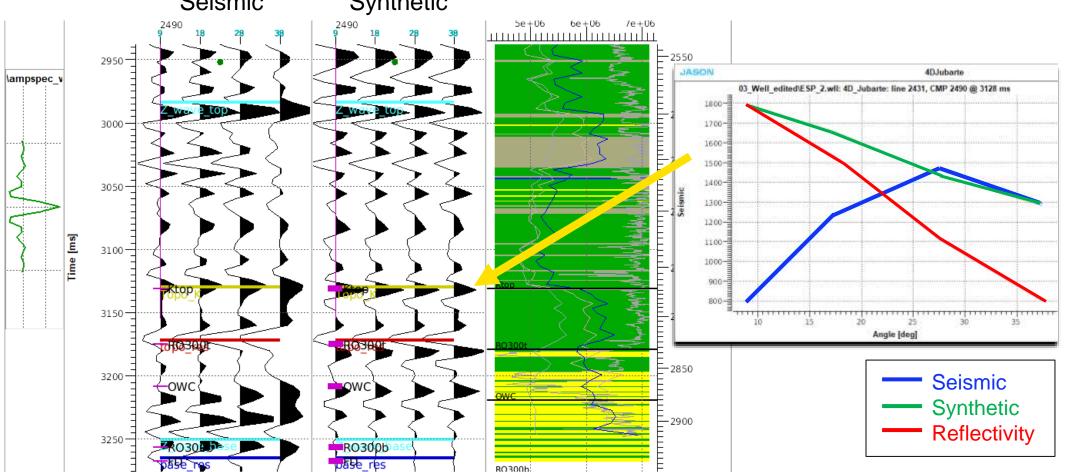
4D Interpretation

Workflow based on Mesdag *et al.*, 2007, Mesdag *et al.*, 2015 and Johnston, D., (2013).

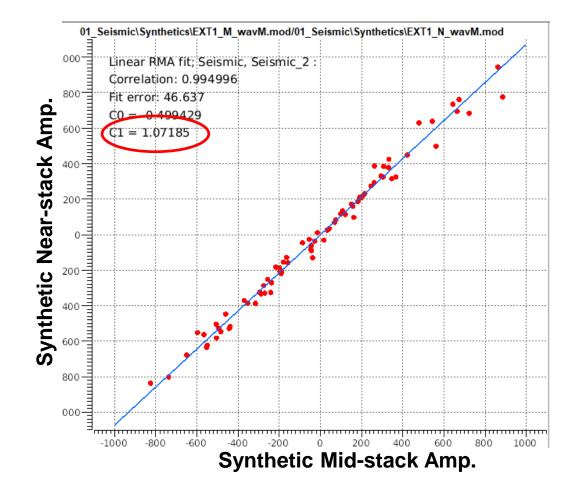
- RCP 🕹 In pursuit of new ideas
- Seismic x Synthetic: AVO curves comparison Well ESP-2 (wavelets from each stack)
  Seismic Synthetic



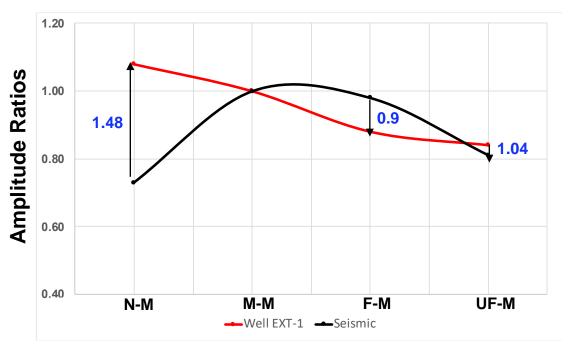
- RCP ©
- Seismic x Synthetic: AVO curves comparison Well ESP-2 (wavelets from MID stack)
  Seismic Synthetic



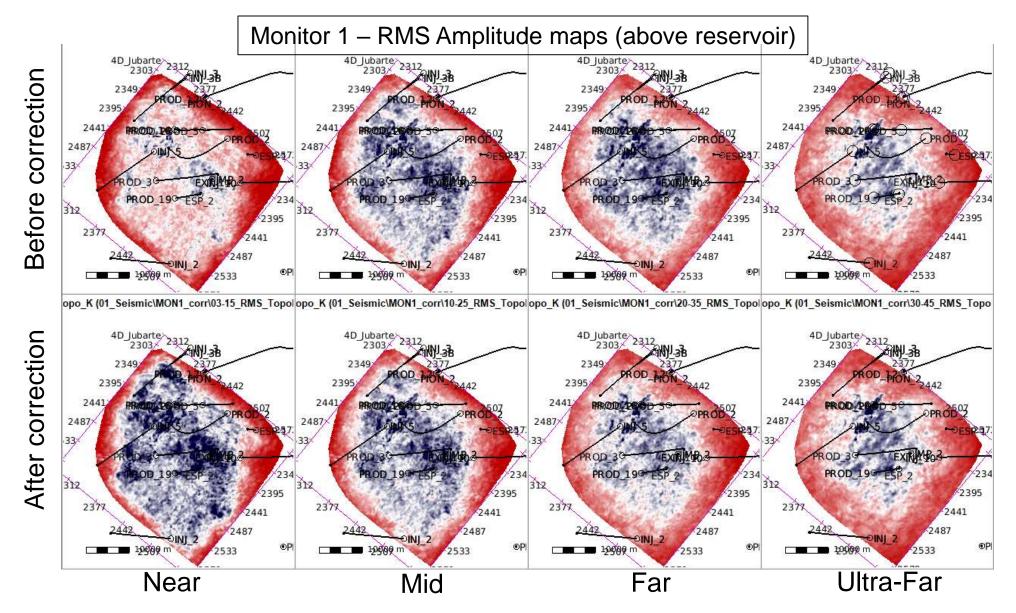




Wells	N-M	F-M	UF-M
EXT1	1.07	0.88	0.84
Seismic	0.73	0.98	0.81









- Seismic Data Repeatability
- Sensitivity Analysis to Pore Pressure and Fluid Saturation changes

Workflow applied

o Amplitude correction

- Results Analysis
- Preliminary 4D interpretation
- Final Remarks
- Next Steps

Agenda



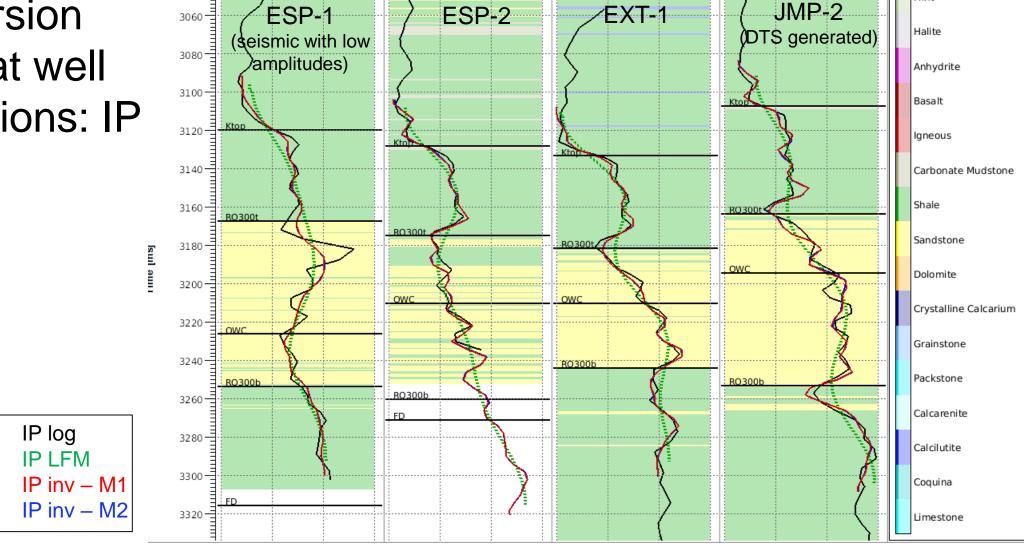
- Inversion:
  - Jason CGG
  - Monitor 1 and Monitor 2 inverted separately, using the same parametrization → Rock Trace (3D algorithm)
  - LFM:
    - Monitor 1: 3D LFM
    - Monitor 2: outputs from M1 inversion
  - Wavelet extracted from M1 used for both inversions
  - Merge frequency = 15 Hz
  - Using lateral continuity constraints
  - Using tight constraints outside the reservoir interval

4D Elastic Inversion – PP data



Flint

Inversion QC at well positions: IP

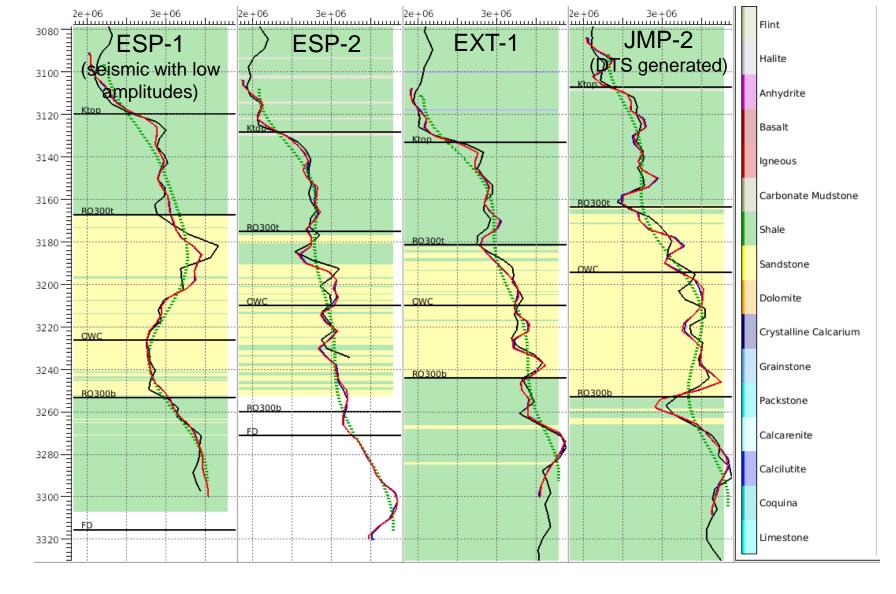


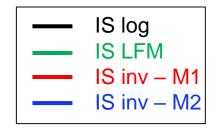
ie+06 6e+06 7e+06 8e+06 ie+06 6e+06 7e+06 8e+06 ie+06 6e+06 7e+06 8e+06 ie+06 6e+06 7e+06 8e+06

4D Elastic Inversion – PP data



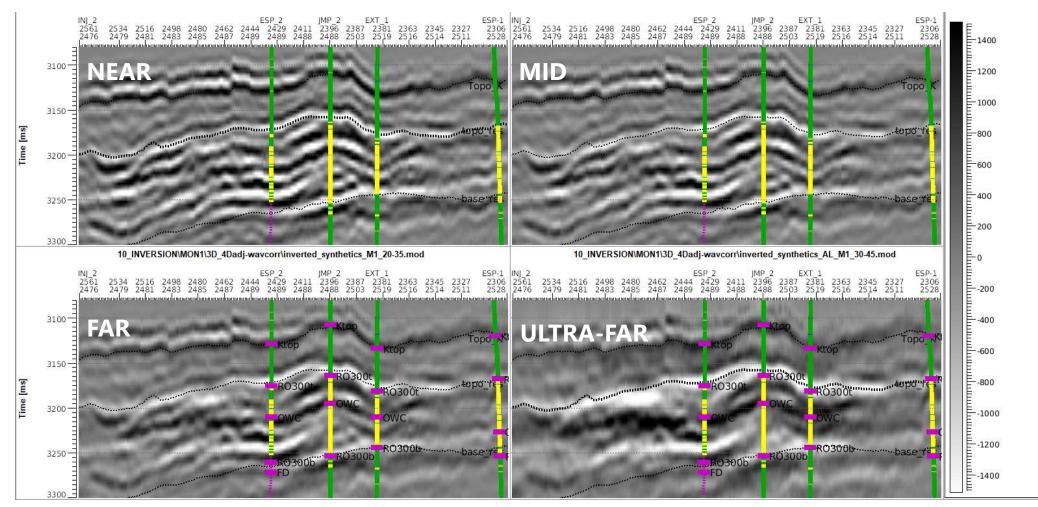
Inversion
 QC at well
 positions: IS





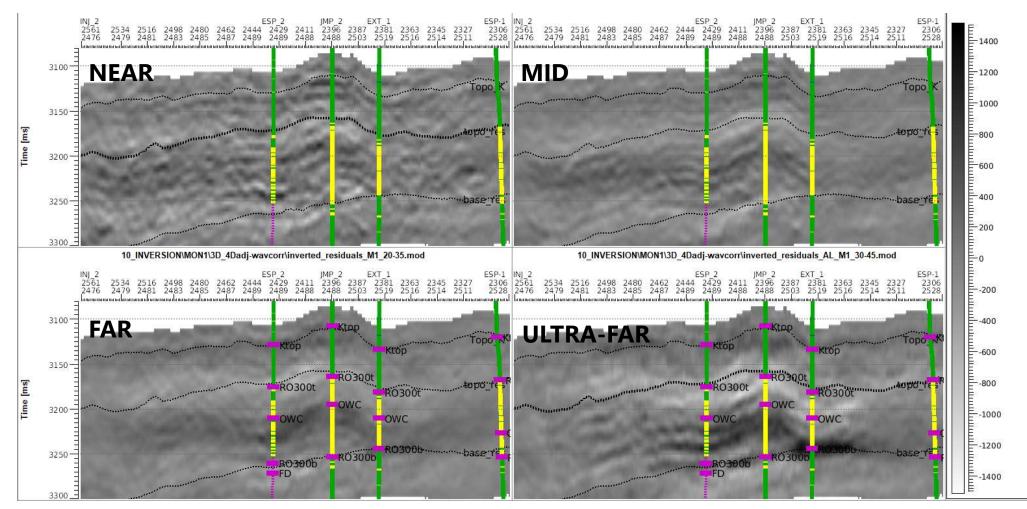


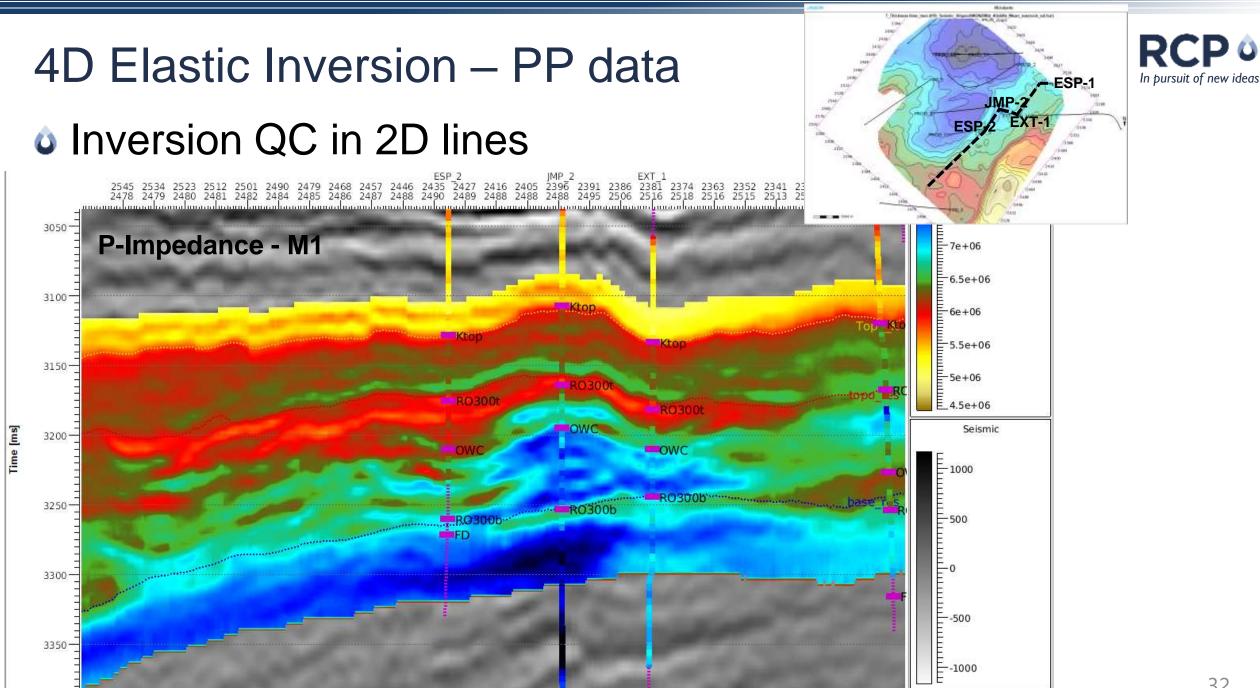
#### Inversion input data

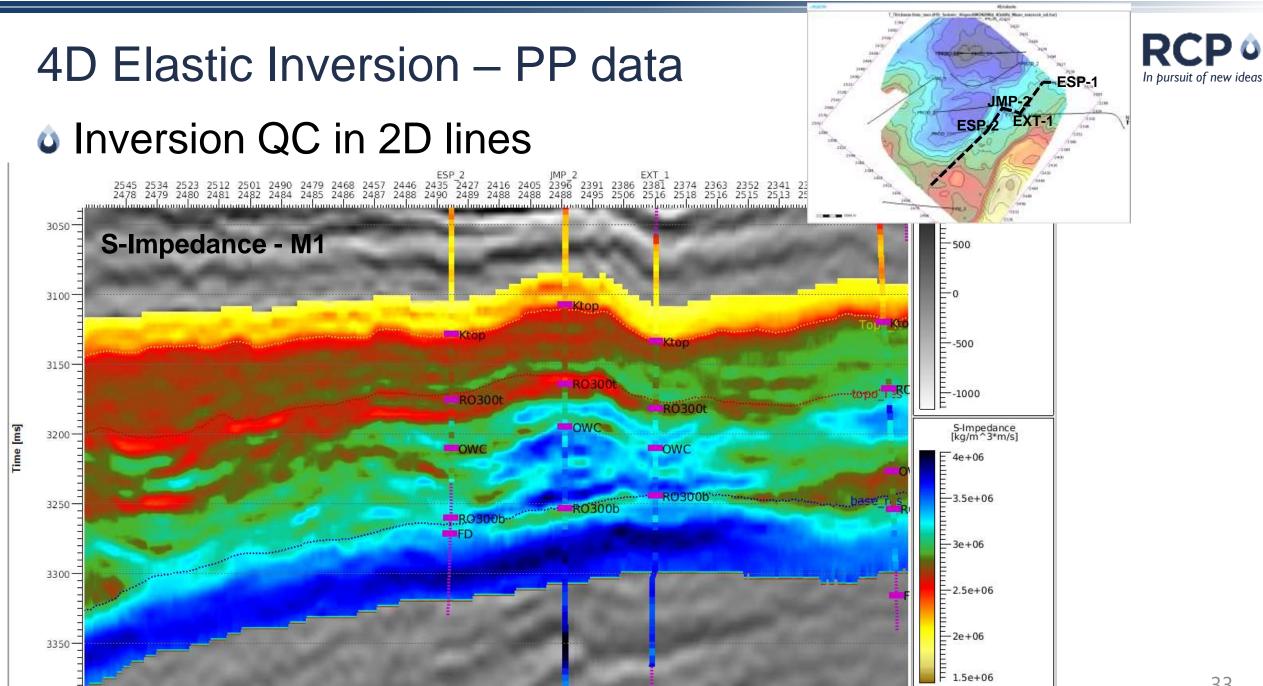


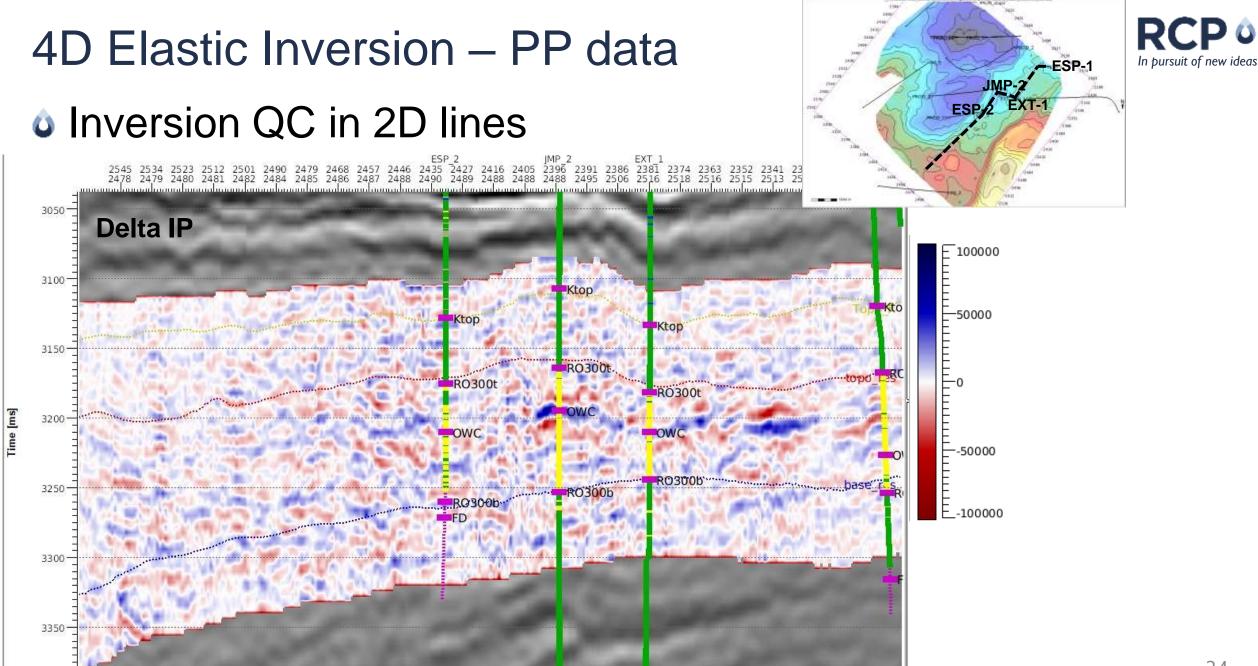


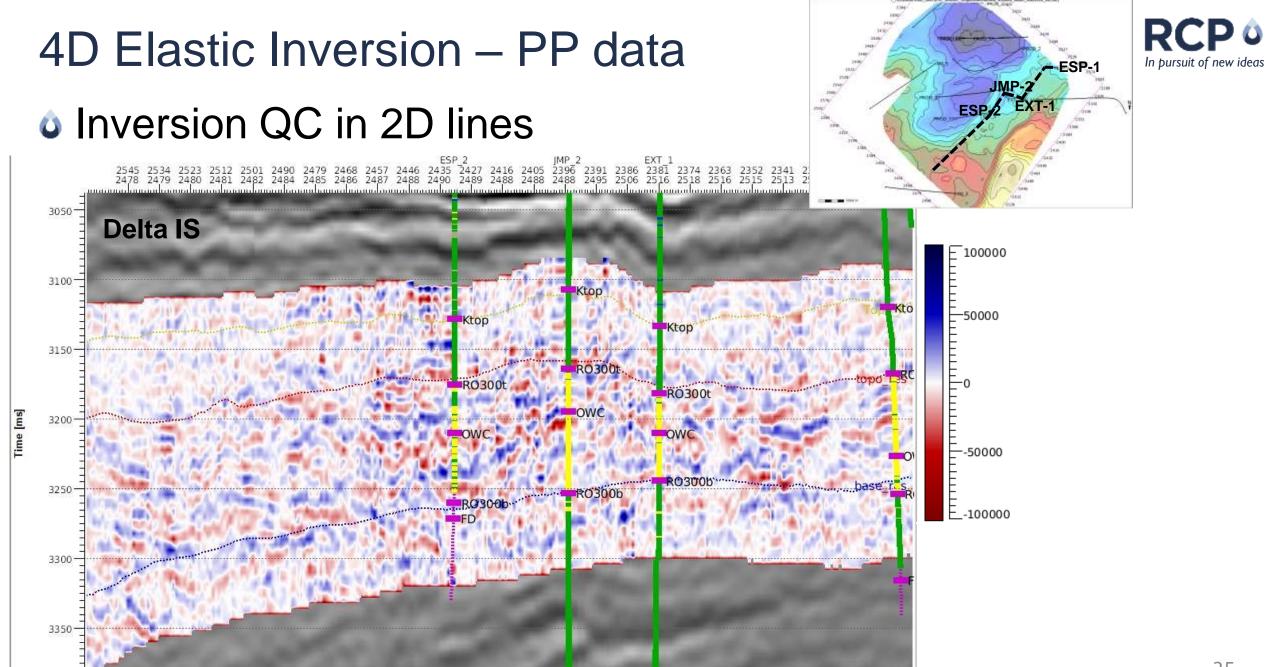
#### Inversion residuals











#### RCP © In pursuit of new ideas

# Agenda

- Seismic Data Repeatability
- Sensitivity Analysis to Pore Pressure and Fluid Saturation changes

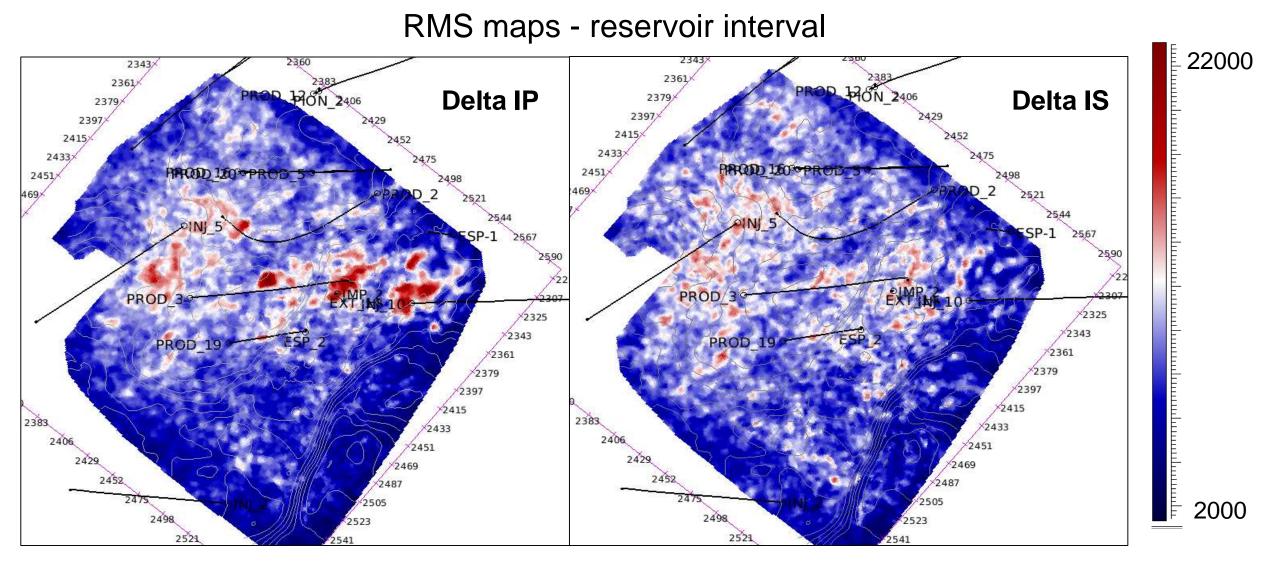
#### 4D Elastic Inversion – PP data

• Workflow applied

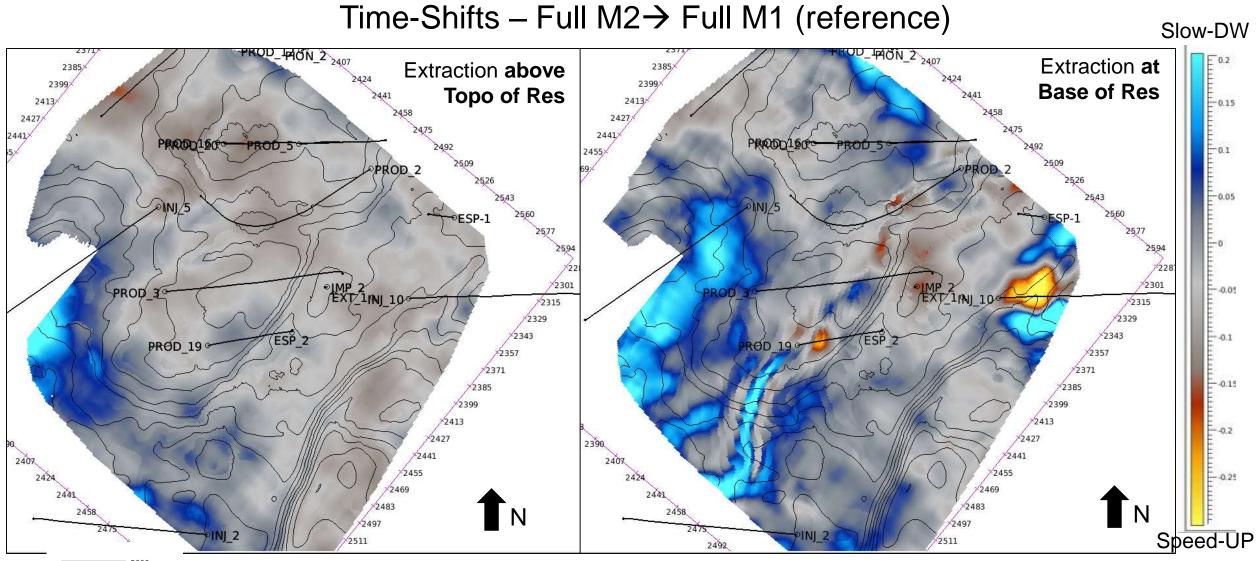
o Amplitude correction

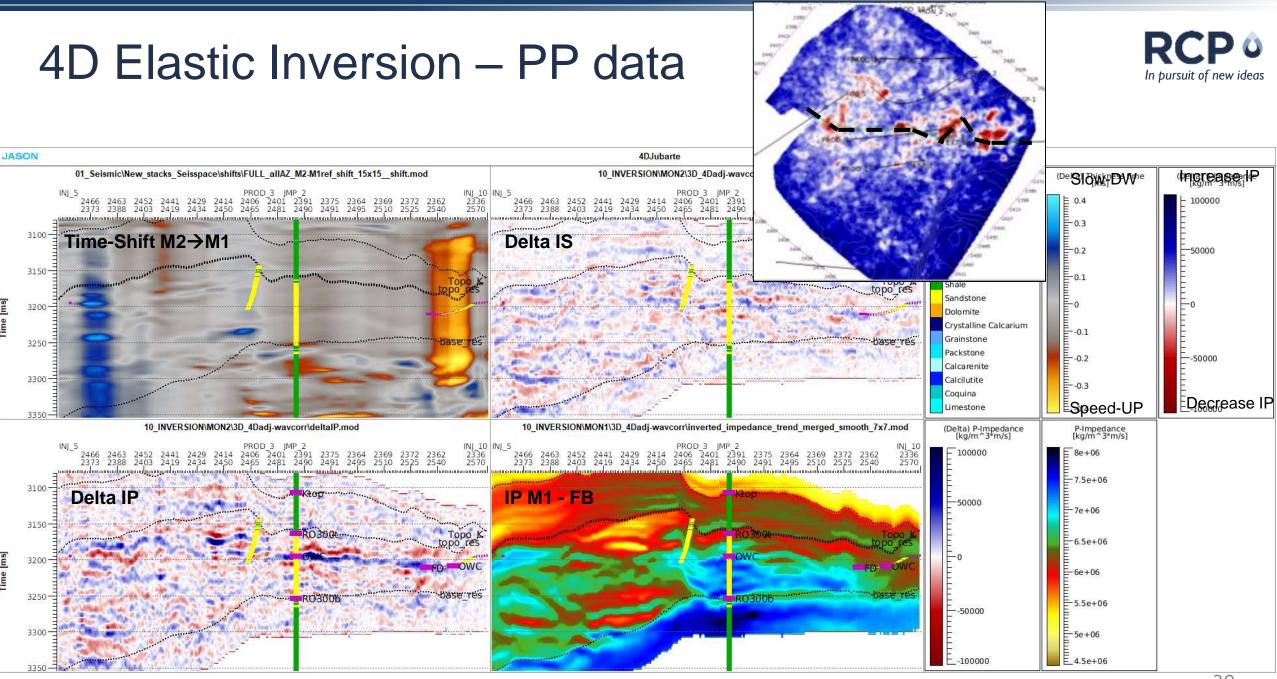
- Results Analysis
- Preliminary 4D interpretation
- Final Remarks
- Next Steps

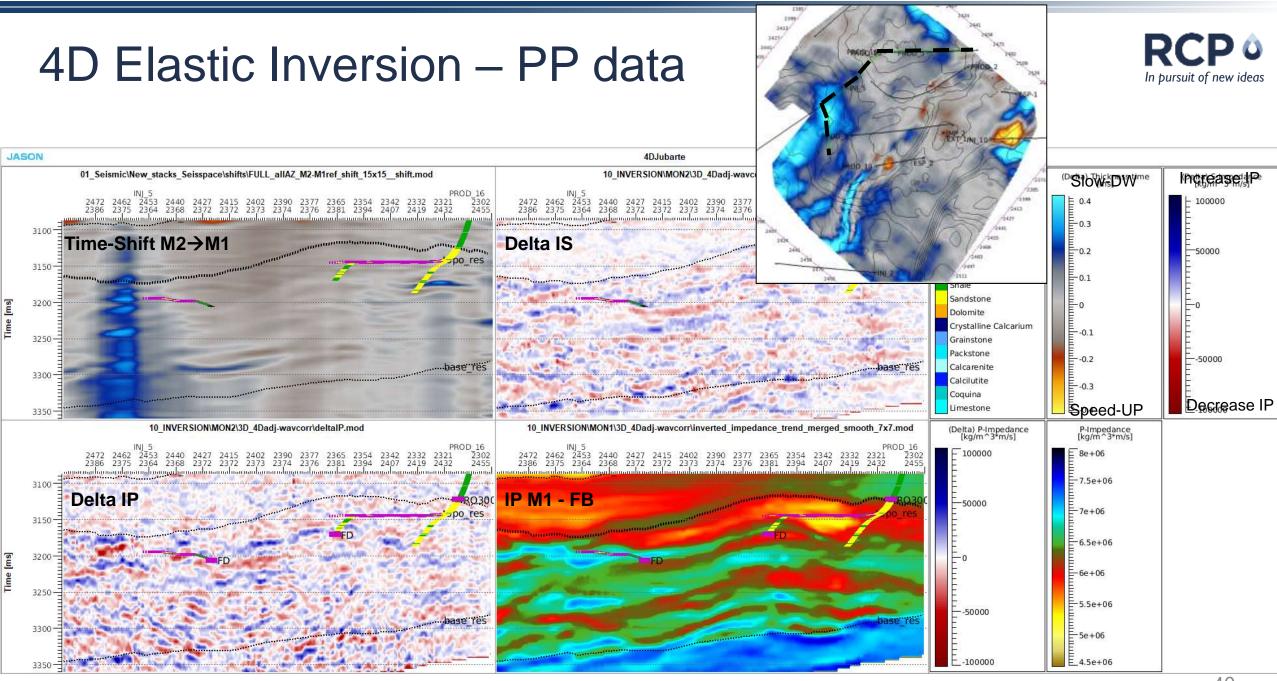














- Seismic Data Repeatability
- Sensitivity Analysis to Pore Pressure and Fluid Saturation changes

- Workflow applied
  - o Amplitude correction
- Results Analysis
- Preliminary 4D interpretation

#### Final Remarks

#### Next Steps

Agenda

In pursuit of new ideas

# **Final Remarks**



- As a multi-component OBC PRM, the input for 4D analysis is a high repeatable data with average NRMS level of 0.045 (4.5%).
- This high repeatability allows to observe the effects of the expected weak changes in pore pressure and fluid saturations (according to the presented sensitivity analysis).

# **Final Remarks**



- It was performed an elastic 4D inversion using the PP data as an input. The 3D results of Monitor 1 and Monitor 2 looks very satisfactory when we analyze the main inversion quality controls.
- The 4D inversion results look coherent with the information we got from time-shifts, flow simulator, and production information.
- O However, the S-impedance volumes are still noisy. Another problem is the residual side-lobes that are present in the 4D impedance differences. Those artifacts need to be minimized in order to make it possible to use these properties in a more quantitative way.

# In pursuit of new ideas

# Agenda

- Seismic Data Repeatability
- Sensitivity Analysis to Pore Pressure and Fluid Saturation changes

- Workflow applied
  - o Amplitude correction
- Results Analysis
- Preliminary 4D interpretation
- Final Remarks
- Next Steps





Incorporate the 4D effects in inversion LFM.

Invert the PS data.

• Work more on the Rock-physics models.

Integrate simulator and production data to time-shifts and inversion volumes in a more quantitative way.

